

## SENATE BILL No. 132

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-1.1-20; IC 8-14-9-12; IC 8-22-3-16; IC 12-29; IC 14-27-6-40; IC 20-48-1-8; IC 36-3-5-8; IC 36-5-2-11; IC 36-7; IC 36-9; IC 36-10.

**Synopsis:** Petition and remonstrance process. Allows registered voters to participate when a political subdivision conducts a petition and remonstrance process to approve a bond issue or a lease rental. (Current law allows only the owners of real property to sign a petition or a remonstrance.) Requires the petitions to be filed with the county clerk, rather than the county auditor.

**Effective:** July 1, 2007.

**Kenley**

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.

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Introduced

First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 132

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1       SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2006,  
2       SECTION 54, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3       JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.1. A political subdivision may not impose  
4       property taxes to pay debt service or lease rentals without completing  
5       the following procedures:

6           (1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall:

7               (A) publish notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and

8               (B) send notice by first class mail to any organization that  
9               delivers to the officers, before January 1 of that year, an annual  
10              written request for such notices;

11           of any meeting to consider adoption of a resolution or an  
12           ordinance making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or  
13           enter into a lease and shall conduct a public hearing on a  
14           preliminary determination before adoption of the resolution or  
15           ordinance.

16           (2) When the proper officers of a political subdivision make a  
17           preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the

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officers shall give notice of the preliminary determination by:

(A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and

(B) first class mail to the organizations described in subdivision (1)(B).

(3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter into a lease must include the following information:

(A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.

(B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the maximum lease rental for the lease.

(C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.

(D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.

(E) A statement that any **owners of real property registered voters residing** within the political subdivision who want to initiate a petition and remonstrance process against the proposed debt service or lease payments must file a petition that complies with subdivisions (4) and (5) not later than thirty (30) days after publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

(F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to open:

(i) a new school facility; or

(ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide additional classroom space;

the estimated costs the school corporation expects to incur annually to operate the facility.

(G) A statement of whether the school corporation expects to appeal for a new facility adjustment (as defined in IC 20-45-1-16) for an increased maximum permissible tuition support levy to pay the estimated costs described in clause (F).

(4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of a petition and remonstrance process may be filed by the lesser of:

(A) one hundred (100) **owners of real property registered voters residing** within the political subdivision; or

(B) five percent (5%) of the **owners of real property registered voters residing** within the political subdivision.

(5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by the county ~~auditor~~, **clerk**, deliver to the county ~~auditor clerk~~ or the county ~~auditor's clerk's~~ designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the petition process described in this section.

The county ~~auditor clerk~~ shall issue to ~~an owner or owners of real~~

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1 ~~property~~ **a registered voter residing** within the political  
 2 subdivision the number of petition forms requested by the ~~owner~~  
 3 ~~or owners.~~ **registered voter.** Each form must be accompanied by  
 4 instructions detailing the requirements that:

5 (A) the carrier and signers must be ~~owners of real property;~~  
 6 **registered voters;**

7 (B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;

8 (C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must  
 9 swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier  
 10 witnessed each signature; and

11 (D) govern the closing date for the petition period.

12 Persons requesting forms may ~~not~~ be required to identify  
 13 themselves **as registered voters** and may be allowed to pick up  
 14 additional copies to distribute to other ~~property owners.~~  
 15 **registered voters.**

16 (6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1)  
 17 qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of  
 18 accounts before the petition is filed with the county ~~auditor clerk~~  
 19 under subdivision (7).

20 (7) Each petition must be filed with the county ~~auditor clerk~~ not  
 21 more than thirty (30) days after publication under subdivision (2)  
 22 of the notice of the preliminary determination.

23 (8) The county ~~auditor clerk~~ must file a certificate and each  
 24 petition with:

25 (A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a  
 26 township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the  
 27 township board; or

28 (B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of  
 29 the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political  
 30 subdivision is not a township;

31 within fifteen (15) business days of the filing of the petition  
 32 requesting a petition and remonstrance process. The certificate  
 33 must state the number of petitioners that are ~~owners of real~~  
 34 ~~property~~ **registered voters residing** within the political  
 35 subdivision.

36 If a sufficient petition requesting a petition and remonstrance process  
 37 is not filed by ~~owners of real property~~ **registered voters** as set forth in  
 38 this section, the political subdivision may issue bonds or enter into a  
 39 lease by following the provisions of law relating to the bonds to be  
 40 issued or lease to be entered into.

41 SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-20-3.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2006,  
 42 SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

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JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.2. If a sufficient petition requesting the application of a petition and remonstrance process has been filed as set forth in section 3.1 of this chapter, a political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay debt service or lease rentals without completing the following procedures:

(1) The proper officers of the political subdivision shall give notice of the applicability of the petition and remonstrance process by:

(A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and

(B) first class mail to the organizations described in section 3.1(1)(B) of this chapter.

A notice under this subdivision must include a statement that any **owners of real property registered voters residing** within the political subdivision who want to petition in favor of or remonstrate against the proposed debt service or lease payments must file petitions and remonstrances in compliance with subdivisions (2) through (4) not earlier than thirty (30) days or later than sixty (60) days after publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

(2) Not earlier than thirty (30) days or later than sixty (60) days after the notice under subdivision (1) is given:

(A) petitions (described in subdivision (3)) in favor of the bonds or lease; and

(B) remonstrances (described in subdivision (3)) against the bonds or lease;

may be filed by **an owner or owners of real property a registered voter residing** within the political subdivision. Each signature on a petition must be dated and the date of signature may not be before the date on which the petition and remonstrance forms may be issued under subdivision (3). A petition described in clause (A) or a remonstrance described in clause (B) must be verified in compliance with subdivision (4) before the petition or remonstrance is filed with the county ~~auditor clerk~~ under subdivision (4).

(3) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by the county ~~auditor, clerk,~~ deliver to the county ~~auditor clerk~~ or the county ~~auditor's clerk's~~ designated printer the petition and remonstrance forms to be used solely in the petition and remonstrance process described in this section. The county ~~auditor clerk~~ shall issue to **an owner or owners of real property a registered voter residing** within the political subdivision the number of petition or remonstrance forms requested by the ~~owner~~

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1 ~~or owners.~~ **registered voter.** Each form must be accompanied by  
 2 instructions detailing the requirements that:

3 (A) the carrier and signers must be ~~owners of real property;~~  
 4 **registered voters;**

5 (B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;

6 (C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must  
 7 swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier  
 8 witnessed each signature;

9 (D) govern the closing date for the petition and remonstrance  
 10 period; and

11 (E) apply to the carrier under section 10 of this chapter.

12 Persons requesting forms may ~~not~~ be required to identify  
 13 themselves **as registered voters** and may be allowed to pick up  
 14 additional copies to distribute to other ~~property owners.~~  
 15 **registered voters.** The county ~~auditor clerk~~ may not issue a  
 16 petition or remonstrance form earlier than twenty-nine (29) days  
 17 after the notice is given under subdivision (1). The county ~~auditor~~  
 18 **clerk** shall certify the date of issuance on each petition or  
 19 remonstrance form that is distributed under this subdivision.

20 (4) The petitions and remonstrances must be verified in the  
 21 manner prescribed by the state board of accounts and filed with  
 22 the county ~~auditor clerk~~ within the sixty (60) day period  
 23 described in subdivision (2) in the manner set forth in section 3.1  
 24 of this chapter relating to requests for a petition and remonstrance  
 25 process.

26 (5) The county ~~auditor clerk~~ must file a certificate and the  
 27 petition or remonstrance with the body of the political subdivision  
 28 charged with issuing bonds or entering into leases within fifteen  
 29 (15) business days of the filing of a petition or remonstrance  
 30 under subdivision (4), whichever applies, containing ten thousand  
 31 (10,000) signatures or less. The county ~~auditor clerk~~ may take an  
 32 additional five (5) days to review and certify the petition or  
 33 remonstrance for each additional five thousand (5,000) signatures  
 34 up to a maximum of sixty (60) days. The certificate must state the  
 35 number of petitioners and remonstrators that are ~~owners of real~~  
 36 **property registered voters residing** within the political  
 37 subdivision.

38 (6) If a greater number of ~~owners of real property registered~~  
 39 **voters residing** within the political subdivision sign a  
 40 remonstrance than the number that signed a petition, the bonds  
 41 petitioned for may not be issued or the lease petitioned for may  
 42 not be entered into. The proper officers of the political

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subdivision may not make a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the controlled project defeated by the petition and remonstrance process under this section or any other controlled project that is not substantially different within one (1) year after the date of the county ~~auditor's~~ **clerk's** certificate under subdivision (5). Withdrawal of a petition carries the same consequences as a defeat of the petition.

(7) After a political subdivision has gone through the petition and remonstrance process set forth in this section, the political subdivision is not required to follow any other remonstrance or objection procedures under any other law (including section 5 of this chapter) relating to bonds or leases designed to protect owners of real property within the political subdivision from the imposition of property taxes to pay debt service or lease rentals. However, the political subdivision must still receive the approval of the department of local government finance required by:

(A) IC 6-1.1-18.5-8; or

(B) IC 20-46-7-8, IC 20-46-7-9, and IC 20-46-7-10.

SECTION 3. IC 8-14-9-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. All bonds and interest on bonds issued under this chapter are exempt from taxation as provided under IC 6-8-5-1. All general laws relating to:

(1) the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds;

(2) the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds;

(3) the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds and the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance; and

(4) the sale of bonds at public sale for not less than par value; are applicable to proceedings under this chapter.

SECTION 4. IC 8-22-3-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 16. (a) The board may issue general obligation bonds of the authority for the purpose of procuring funds to pay the cost of acquiring real property, or constructing, enlarging, improving, remodeling, repairing, or equipping buildings, structures, runways, or other facilities, for use as or in connection with or for administrative purposes of the airport. The issuance of the bonds must be authorized by ordinance of the board providing for the amount, terms, and tenor of the bonds and for the time and character of notice and the mode of making sale. If one (1) airport is owned by the authority, an ordinance authorizing the issuance of bonds for a separate second airport is subject to approval as provided

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1 in this section. The bonds bear interest and are payable at the times and  
 2 places that the board determines but running not more than twenty-five  
 3 (25) years after the date of their issuance, and they must be executed in  
 4 the name of the authority by the president of the board and attested by  
 5 the secretary who shall affix to each of the bonds the official seal of the  
 6 authority. The interest coupons attached to the bonds may be executed  
 7 by placing on them the facsimile signature of the president of the  
 8 board.

9 (b) The issuance of general obligation bonds must be approved by  
 10 resolution of the following body:

11 (1) When the authority is established by an eligible entity, by its  
 12 fiscal body.

13 (2) When the authority is established by two (2) or more eligible  
 14 entities acting jointly, by the fiscal body of each of those entities.

15 (3) When the authority was established under IC 19-6-2, by the  
 16 mayor of the consolidated city, and if a second airport is to be  
 17 funded, also by the city-county council.

18 (4) When the authority was established under IC 19-6-3, by the  
 19 county council.

20 (c) The airport director shall manage and supervise the preparation,  
 21 advertisement, and sale of the bonds, subject to the authorizing  
 22 ordinance. Before the sale of the bonds, the airport director shall cause  
 23 notice of the sale to be published once each week for two (2)  
 24 consecutive weeks in two (2) newspapers of general circulation  
 25 published in the district, setting out the time and place where bids will  
 26 be received, the amount and maturity dates of the issue, the maximum  
 27 interest rate, and the terms and conditions of sale and delivery of the  
 28 bonds. The bonds shall be sold to the highest bidder, in accordance  
 29 with the procedures for selling public bonds. After the bonds have been  
 30 properly sold and executed, the airport director shall deliver them to the  
 31 treasurer of the authority and take ~~his~~ a receipt for them, and shall  
 32 certify to the treasurer the amount which the purchaser is to pay for  
 33 them, together with the name and address of the purchaser. On payment  
 34 of the purchase price the treasurer shall deliver the bonds to the  
 35 purchaser, and the treasurer and airport director or superintendent shall  
 36 report their actions to the board.

37 (d) The provisions of IC 6-1.1-20 and IC 5-1 relating to the filing of  
 38 a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of them,  
 39 the giving of notice of determination to issue bonds, the giving of  
 40 notice of hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds and the  
 41 right of taxpayers to appeal and be heard on the proposed  
 42 appropriation, the approval of the appropriation by the department of

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1 local government finance, the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate  
 2 against the issuance of bonds, and the sale of bonds at public sale for  
 3 not less than par value are applicable to proceedings under this chapter  
 4 for the issuance of general obligation bonds.

5 (e) Bonds issued under this chapter are not a corporate obligation or  
 6 indebtedness of any eligible entity but are an indebtedness of the  
 7 authority as a municipal corporation. An action to question the validity  
 8 of the bonds issued or to prevent their issue must be instituted not later  
 9 than the date set for sale of the bonds, and all of the bonds after that  
 10 date are incontestable.

11 SECTION 5. IC 12-29-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. All general Indiana  
 13 statutes relating to the following apply to the issuance of county bonds  
 14 under this chapter:

- 15 (1) The filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds.
- 16 (2) The giving of notice of the following:
  - 17 (A) The filing of the petition requesting the issuance of the
  - 18 bonds.
  - 19 (B) The determination to issue bonds.
  - 20 (C) A hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the
  - 21 bonds.
- 22 (3) The right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed
- 23 appropriation.
- 24 (4) The approval of the appropriation by the department of local
- 25 government finance.
- 26 (5) The right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the
- 27 issuance of bonds.

28 SECTION 6. IC 12-29-2-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 29 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. All general Indiana  
 30 statutes relating to the following apply to the issuance of county bonds  
 31 under this chapter:

- 32 (1) The filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds.
- 33 (2) The giving of notice of the following:
  - 34 (A) The filing of the petition requesting the issuance of the
  - 35 bonds.
  - 36 (B) The determination to issue bonds.
  - 37 (C) A hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the
  - 38 bonds.
- 39 (3) The right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed
- 40 appropriation.
- 41 (4) The approval of the appropriation by the department of local
- 42 government finance.

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(5) The right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds.

SECTION 7. IC 14-27-6-40 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 40. The provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the following apply to proceedings under this chapter:

(1) The filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of the petition.

(2) The giving of notice of determination to issue bonds.

(3) The giving of notice of hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds and the right of taxpayers to appeal and be heard on the proposed appropriation.

(4) The approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance.

(5) The right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds.

(6) The sale of bonds at public sale for not less than the par value.

SECTION 8. IC 20-48-1-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2006, SECTION 171, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. The provisions of all general statutes and rules relating to:

(1) filing petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of the issuance of bonds;

(2) giving notice of determination to issue bonds;

(3) giving notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds and the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation;

(4) the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance; and

(5) the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds;

apply to proceedings for the issuance of bonds and the making of an emergency loan under this article and IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5. An action to contest the validity of the bonds or emergency loans may not be brought later than five (5) days after the acceptance of a bid for the sale of the bonds.

SECTION 9. IC 36-3-5-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies whenever a special taxing district of the consolidated city has the power to issue bonds, notes, or warrants.

(b) Before any bonds, notes, or warrants of a special taxing district may be issued, the issue must be approved by resolution of the

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legislative body of the consolidated city.

(c) Any bonds of a special taxing district must be issued in the manner prescribed by statute for that district, and the board of the department having jurisdiction over the district shall:

(1) hold all required hearings;

(2) adopt all necessary resolutions; and

(3) appropriate the proceeds of the bonds;

in that manner. However, the legislative body shall levy each year the special tax required to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds and any bank paying charges.

(d) Notwithstanding any other statute, bonds of a special taxing district may:

(1) be dated;

(2) be issued in any denomination;

(3) mature at any time or times not exceeding fifty (50) years after their date; and

(4) be payable at any bank or banks;

as determined by the board. The interest rate or rates that the bonds will bear must be determined by bidding, notwithstanding IC 5-1-11-3.

(e) Bonds of a special taxing district are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of the petition, the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation, the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance, the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds, and the sale of bonds at public sale.

SECTION 10. IC 36-5-2-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. (a) The legislative body may issue bonds for the purpose of procuring money to be used in the exercise of the powers of the town and for the payment of town debts. However, a town may not issue bonds to procure money to pay current expenses.

(b) Bonds issued under this section are payable in the amounts and at the times determined by the legislative body.

(c) Bonds issued under this section are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of the petition, the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation, the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance, the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the

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issuance of bonds, and the sale of bonds at public sale for not less than their par value.

(d) The legislative body may, by ordinance, make loans of money for not more than five (5) years and issue notes for the purpose of refunding those loans. The loans may be made only for the purpose of procuring money to be used in the exercise of the powers of the town, and the total amount of outstanding loans under this subsection may not exceed five percent (5%) of the town's total tax levy in the current year (excluding amounts levied to pay debt service and lease rentals). Loans under this subsection shall be made as follows:

(1) The ordinance authorizing the loans must pledge to their payment a sufficient amount of tax revenues over the ensuing five (5) years to provide for refunding the loans.

(2) The loans must be evidenced by notes of the town in terms designating the nature of the consideration, the time and place payable, and the revenues out of which they will be payable.

(3) The interest accruing on the notes to the date of maturity may be added to and included in their face value or be made payable periodically, as provided in the ordinance.

Notes issued under this subsection are not bonded indebtedness for purposes of IC 6-1.1-18.5.

SECTION 11. IC 36-7-14-25.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25.1. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a redevelopment project area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 27 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter, or other revenues of the district, or any combination of these sources, the redevelopment commission may, by resolution and subject to subsection (p), issue the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. The amount of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of the property, including:

(1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to be acquired and redeveloped;

(2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal, financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;

(3) capitalized interest permitted by this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds to the extent the redevelopment

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commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required; and  
 (4) expenses that the redevelopment commission is required or  
 permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.

(b) If the redevelopment commission plans to acquire different  
 parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at  
 approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more  
 resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1)  
 issue of bonds.

(c) The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond resolution and  
 negotiable, subject to the requirements of the bond resolution for  
 registering the bonds. The resolution authorizing the bonds must state:

(1) the denominations of the bonds;

(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and

(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed fifty (50) years.

The resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable before  
 maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the  
 redevelopment commission.

(d) The redevelopment commission shall certify a copy of the  
 resolution authorizing the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal  
 officer, who shall then prepare the bonds, subject to subsection (p). The  
 seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the  
 seal must be printed on the bonds.

(e) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the  
 unit, and attested by the municipal or county fiscal officer.

(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.

(g) The municipal or county fiscal officer shall give notice of the  
 sale of the bonds by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The  
 municipal fiscal officer, or county fiscal officer or executive, shall sell  
 the bonds to the highest bidder, but may not sell them for less than  
 ninety-seven percent (97%) of their par value. However, bonds payable  
 solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of  
 this chapter, or other revenues of the district may be sold at a private  
 negotiated sale.

(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment  
 commission may not issue the bonds when the total issue, including  
 bonds already issued and to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the  
 adjusted value of the taxable property in the special taxing district, as  
 determined under IC 36-1-15.

(i) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an  
 indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable,  
 as set forth in the bond resolution of the redevelopment commission:

(1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the taxing

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- 1 district, as provided by section 27 of this chapter;  
 2 (2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this  
 3 chapter;  
 4 (3) from other revenues available to the redevelopment  
 5 commission; or  
 6 (4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1)  
 7 through (3).

8 If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under  
 9 section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment  
 10 commission, or any combination of these sources, they may be issued  
 11 in any amount without limitation.

12 (j) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of  
 13 interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the  
 14 date of issuance.

15 (k) All laws relating to the giving of notice of the issuance of bonds,  
 16 the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds  
 17 of the bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the  
 18 proposed appropriation, and the approval of the appropriation by the  
 19 department of local government finance apply to all bonds issued under  
 20 this chapter that are payable from the special benefits tax levied  
 21 pursuant to section 27 of this chapter or from taxes allocated under  
 22 section 39 of this chapter.

23 (l) All laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance  
 24 of bonds and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the  
 25 issuance of bonds apply to bonds issued under this chapter, except for  
 26 bonds payable solely from tax proceeds allocated under section  
 27 39(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment  
 28 commission, or any combination of these sources.

29 (m) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds,  
 30 the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on  
 31 the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

32 (n) Any amount remaining in the debt service reserve after all of the  
 33 bonds of the issue for which the debt service reserve was established  
 34 have matured shall be deposited in the allocation fund established  
 35 under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter.

36 (o) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or  
 37 in part from revenues to the redevelopment commission from a project  
 38 or projects, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution or  
 39 trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance  
 40 of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or  
 41 assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or  
 42 mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust

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indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the redevelopment commission that are payable solely from revenues of the commission shall contain a statement to that effect in the form of bond.

(p) If the total principal amount of bonds authorized by a resolution of the redevelopment commission is equal to or greater than three million dollars (\$3,000,000), the bonds may not be issued without the approval, by resolution, of the legislative body of the unit.

SECTION 12. IC 36-7-14.5-12.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006, SECTION 567, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12.5. (a) This section applies only to an authority in a county having a United States government military base that is scheduled for closing or is completely or partially inactive or closed.

(b) In order to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 11 of this chapter, an authority may create an economic development area:

(1) by following the procedures set forth in IC 36-7-14-41 for the establishment of an economic development area by a redevelopment commission; and

(2) with the same effect as if the economic development area was created by a redevelopment commission.

The area established under this section shall be established only in the area where a United States government military base that is scheduled for closing or is completely or partially inactive or closed is or was located.

(c) In order to accomplish the purposes set forth in section 11 of this chapter, an authority may do the following in a manner that serves an economic development area created under this section:

(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, condemnation, or lease, or any combination of methods, any personal property or interest in real property needed for the redevelopment of economic development areas located within the corporate boundaries of the unit.

(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, or otherwise dispose of property acquired for use in the redevelopment of economic

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development areas on the terms and conditions that the authority considers best for the unit and the unit's inhabitants.

(3) Sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of the unit or to any other governmental agency for public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public purposes on any terms that may be agreed on.

(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.

(5) Repair and maintain structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.

(6) Remodel, rebuild, enlarge, or make major structural improvements on structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.

(7) Survey or examine any land to determine whether the land should be included within an economic development area to be acquired for redevelopment purposes and to determine the value of that land.

(8) Appear before any other department or agency of the unit, or before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter affecting:

(A) real property acquired or being acquired for redevelopment purposes; or

(B) any economic development area within the jurisdiction of the authority.

(9) Institute or defend in the name of the unit any civil action, but all actions against the authority must be brought in the circuit or superior court of the county where the authority is located.

(10) Use any legal or equitable remedy that is necessary or considered proper to protect and enforce the rights of and perform the duties of the authority.

(11) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of and within the corporate boundaries of the unit subject to the same conditions and procedures that apply to the exercise of the power of eminent domain by a redevelopment commission under IC 36-7-14.

(12) Appoint an executive director, appraisers, real estate experts, engineers, architects, surveyors, and attorneys.

(13) Appoint clerks, guards, laborers, and other employees the authority considers advisable, except that those appointments must be made in accordance with the merit system of the unit if such a system exists.

(14) Prescribe the duties and regulate the compensation of employees of the authority.

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(15) Provide a pension and retirement system for employees of the authority by using the public employees' retirement fund or a retirement plan approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(16) Discharge and appoint successors to employees of the authority subject to subdivision (13).

(17) Rent offices for use of the department or authority, or accept the use of offices furnished by the unit.

(18) Equip the offices of the authority with the necessary furniture, furnishings, equipment, records, and supplies.

(19) Design, order, contract for, and construct, reconstruct, improve, or renovate the following:

(A) Any local public improvement or structure that is necessary for redevelopment purposes or economic development within the corporate boundaries of the unit.

(B) Any structure that enhances development or economic development.

(20) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of pedestrian skyways (as defined in IC 36-7-14-12.2(c)).

(21) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial assistance from, or contract with, the federal government, the state government, a municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or any other source.

(22) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of the duties of the authority and the execution of the powers of the authority under this chapter.

(23) Take any action necessary to implement the purpose of the authority.

(24) Provide financial assistance, in the manner that best serves the purposes set forth in section 11 of this chapter, including grants and loans, to enable private enterprise to develop, redevelop, and reuse military base property or otherwise enable private enterprise to provide social and economic benefits to the citizens of the unit.

(d) An authority may designate all or a portion of an economic development area created under this section as an allocation area by following the procedures set forth in IC 36-7-14-39 for the establishment of an allocation area by a redevelopment commission. The allocation provision may modify the definition of "property taxes" under IC 36-7-14-39(a) to include taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on the depreciable personal property located and taxable on the site of operations of designated taxpayers in accordance with the procedures

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applicable to a commission under IC 36-7-14-39.3. IC 36-7-14-39.3 applies to such a modification. An allocation area established by an authority under this section is a special taxing district authorized by the general assembly to enable the unit to provide special benefits to taxpayers in the allocation area by promoting economic development that is of public use and benefit. For allocation areas established for an economic development area created under this section after June 30, 1997, and to the expanded portion of an allocation area for an economic development area that was established before June 30, 1997, and that is expanded under this section after June 30, 1997, the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance, as finally determined for any assessment date, must be allocated. All of the provisions of IC 36-7-14-39, IC 36-7-14-39.1, and IC 36-7-14-39.5 apply to an allocation area created under this section, except that the authority shall be vested with the rights and duties of a commission as referenced in those sections, and except that, notwithstanding IC 36-7-14-39(b)(2), property tax proceeds paid into the allocation fund may be used by the authority only to do one (1) or more of the following:

(1) Pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium on any obligations incurred by the special taxing district or any other entity for the purpose of financing or refinancing military base reuse activities in or serving or benefiting that allocation area.

(2) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for obligations payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area or from other revenues of the authority (including lease rental revenues).

(3) Make payments on leases payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.

(4) Reimburse any other governmental body for expenditures made by it for local public improvements or structures in or serving or benefiting that allocation area.

(5) Pay all or a portion of a property tax replacement credit to taxpayers in an allocation area as determined by the authority. This credit equals the amount determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing district (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or part of the allocation area:

STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(4), and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) that is attributable to the taxing district.

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1 STEP TWO: Divide:

2 (A) that part of each county's eligible property tax  
3 replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that  
4 year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable  
5 to the taxing district; by

6 (B) the STEP ONE sum.

7 STEP THREE: Multiply:

8 (A) the STEP TWO quotient; by

9 (B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in  
10 IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that have been  
11 allocated during that year to an allocation fund under this  
12 section.

13 If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit in  
14 full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to receive the  
15 same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not receive a credit  
16 under this section and a credit under IC 36-7-14-39.5 in the same  
17 year.

18 (6) Pay expenses incurred by the authority for local public  
19 improvements or structures that are in the allocation area or  
20 serving or benefiting the allocation area.

21 (7) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses incurred in  
22 training employees of industrial facilities that are located:

23 (A) in the allocation area; and

24 (B) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as  
25 industrial property under the rules of the department of local  
26 government finance.

27 However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in any  
28 year may not exceed the total amount of money in the allocation  
29 fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the industrial  
30 facilities described in clause (B). The reimbursements under this  
31 subdivision must be made within three (3) years after the date on  
32 which the investments that are the basis for the increment  
33 financing are made. The allocation fund may not be used for  
34 operating expenses of the authority.

35 (e) In addition to other methods of raising money for property  
36 acquisition, redevelopment, or economic development activities in or  
37 directly serving or benefitting an economic development area created  
38 by an authority under this section, and in anticipation of the taxes  
39 allocated under subsection (d), other revenues of the authority, or any  
40 combination of these sources, the authority may, by resolution, issue  
41 the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. Bonds  
42 issued under this section may be issued in any amount without

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limitation. The following apply if such a resolution is adopted:

(1) The authority shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.

(2) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the unit and attested by the unit's fiscal officer.

(3) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.

(4) Bonds issued under this section may be sold at public sale in accordance with IC 5-1-11 or at a negotiated sale.

(5) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the authority:

(A) from the tax proceeds allocated under subsection (d);

(B) from other revenues available to the authority; or

(C) from a combination of the methods stated in clauses (A) and (B).

(6) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the date of issuance.

(7) Laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds do not apply to bonds issued under this section.

(8) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds, the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

(9) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues to the authority from a project or projects, the authority may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the authority. The authority may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the authority that are payable solely from revenues of the authority shall contain a

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statement to that effect in the form of bond.

(f) Notwithstanding section 8(a) of this chapter, an ordinance adopted under section 11 of this chapter may provide, or be amended to provide, that the board of directors of the authority shall be composed of not fewer than three (3) nor more than eleven (11) members, who must be residents of the unit appointed by the executive of the unit.

(g) The acquisition of real and personal property by an authority under this section is not subject to the provisions of IC 5-22, IC 36-1-10.5, IC 36-7-14-19, or any other statutes governing the purchase of property by public bodies or their agencies.

(h) An authority may negotiate for the sale, lease, or other disposition of real and personal property without complying with the provisions of IC 5-22-22, IC 36-1-11, IC 36-7-14-22, or any other statute governing the disposition of public property.

(i) Notwithstanding any other law, utility services provided within an economic development area established under this section are subject to regulation by the appropriate regulatory agencies unless the utility service is provided by a utility that provides utility service solely within the geographic boundaries of an existing or a closed military installation, in which case the utility service is not subject to regulation for purposes of rate making, regulation, service delivery, or issuance of bonds or other forms of indebtedness. However, this exemption from regulation does not apply to utility service if the service is generated, treated, or produced outside the boundaries of the existing or closed military installation.

SECTION 13. IC 36-7-15.1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a redevelopment project area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 19 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under section 26 of this chapter, or other revenues of the redevelopment district, the commission may, by resolution, issue the bonds of the redevelopment district in the name of the consolidated city and in accordance with IC 36-3-5-8. The amount of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of the property, including:

- (1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to be acquired and redeveloped;
- (2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal,

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financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;

(3) capitalized interest permitted in this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds, to the extent that the redevelopment commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required;

(4) the total cost of all clearing and construction work provided for in the resolution; and

(5) expenses that the commission is required or permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.

(b) If the commission plans to acquire different parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1) issue of bonds.

(c) The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond resolution and negotiable subject to the requirements of the bond resolution for the registration of the bonds. The resolution authorizing the bonds must state:

(1) the denominations of the bonds;

(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and

(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed fifty (50) years.

The resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the commission.

(d) The commission shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the fiscal officer of the consolidated city, who shall then prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.

(e) The bonds shall be executed by the city executive and attested by the fiscal officer. The interest coupons, if any, shall be executed by the facsimile signature of the fiscal officer.

(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation as provided by IC 6-8-5.

(g) The city fiscal officer shall sell the bonds according to law. Notwithstanding IC 36-3-5-8, bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 26(b)(2) of this chapter or other revenues of the district may be sold at private negotiated sale and at a price or prices not less than ninety-seven percent (97%) of the par value.

(h) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the city but are an indebtedness of the redevelopment district. The bonds and interest are payable:

(1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the redevelopment district, as provided by section 19 of this chapter;

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(2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 26(b)(2) of this chapter;

(3) from other revenues available to the commission; or

(4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1) through (3);

and from any revenues of the designated project. If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under section 26(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources, they may be issued in any amount without limitation.

(i) Proceeds from the sale of the bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the date of issue.

(j) Notwithstanding IC 36-3-5-8, the laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds applicable to bonds issued under this chapter do not apply to bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 26(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the commission, or any combination of these sources.

(k) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues to the commission from a project or projects, the commission may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the commission. The commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the commission that are payable solely from revenues of the commission must contain a statement to that effect in the form of bond.

SECTION 14. IC 36-7-15.1-45, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005, SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 45. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a redevelopment project area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 50 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under section 53 of this chapter, or other revenues of the redevelopment district, a commission

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may, by resolution, issue the bonds of its redevelopment district in the name of the excluded city. The amount of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of the property, including:

(1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to be acquired and redeveloped;

(2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal, financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;

(3) capitalized interest permitted in this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds, to the extent that the redevelopment commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required;

(4) the total cost of all clearing and construction work provided for in the resolution; and

(5) expenses that the commission is required or permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.

(b) If a commission plans to acquire different parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more resolutions, a commission may provide for the total cost in one (1) issue of bonds.

(c) The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond resolution and negotiable subject to the requirements concerning registration of the bonds. The resolution authorizing the bonds must state:

(1) the denominations of the bonds;

(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and

(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed fifty (50) years.

The resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the commission.

(d) The commission shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the fiscal officer of the excluded city, who shall then prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.

(e) The bonds shall be executed by the excluded city executive and attested by the excluded city fiscal officer. The interest coupons, if any, shall be executed by the facsimile signature of the excluded city fiscal officer.

(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation as provided by IC 6-8-5.

(g) The excluded city fiscal officer shall sell the bonds according to law. Bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 53(b)(2) of this chapter or other revenues of the district may be

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1 sold at private negotiated sale and at a price or prices not less than  
2 ninety-seven percent (97%) of the par value.

3 (h) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the excluded city but  
4 are an indebtedness of the redevelopment district. The bonds and  
5 interest are payable:

6 (1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the  
7 redevelopment district, as provided by section 50 of this chapter;

8 (2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 53(b)(2) of this  
9 chapter;

10 (3) from other revenues available to the commission; or

11 (4) from a combination of the methods described in subdivisions  
12 (1) through (3);

13 and from any revenues of the designated project. If the bonds are  
14 payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under section 53(b)(2)  
15 of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or  
16 any combination of these sources, they may be issued in any amount  
17 without limitation.

18 (i) Proceeds from the sale of the bonds may be used to pay the cost  
19 of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from  
20 the date of issue.

21 (j) The laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance  
22 of bonds and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the  
23 issuance of bonds applicable to bonds issued under this chapter do not  
24 apply to bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated  
25 under section 53(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the  
26 commission, or any combination of these sources.

27 (k) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or  
28 in part from revenues to a commission from a project or projects, a  
29 commission may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into  
30 covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The  
31 resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from  
32 the project or projects but may not convey or mortgage any project or  
33 parts of a project. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain  
34 any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of  
35 the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation  
36 of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the commission.  
37 The commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any  
38 project and covenant with the owners of bonds to set those fees and  
39 charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the  
40 bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the commission that are payable  
41 solely from revenues of the commission must contain a statement to  
42 that effect in the form of bond.

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SECTION 15. IC 36-7-30-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition, redevelopment, or economic development activities in or directly serving or benefiting a military base reuse area, and in anticipation of the taxes allocated under section 25 of this chapter, other revenues of the district, or any combination of these sources, the reuse authority may by resolution issue the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit.

(b) The reuse authority shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.

(c) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the unit, and attested by the unit's fiscal officer.

(d) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.

(e) Bonds issued under this section may be sold at public sale in accordance with IC 5-1-11 or at a negotiated sale.

(f) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the reuse authority, from any of the following:

(1) The tax proceeds allocated under section 25 of this chapter.

(2) Other revenues available to the reuse authority.

(3) A combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1) through (2).

If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under section 25 of this chapter, other revenues of the reuse authority, or any combination of these sources, the bonds may be issued in any amount without limitation.

(g) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years after the date of issuance.

(h) All laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds do not apply to bonds issued under this chapter.

(i) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds, the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

(j) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues of the reuse authority, the reuse authority may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is

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1 customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust  
 2 indenture may pledge or assign revenues of the reuse authority and  
 3 properties becoming available to the reuse authority under this chapter.  
 4 The resolution or trust indenture may also contain provisions for  
 5 protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as  
 6 may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including a  
 7 covenant setting forth the duties of the reuse authority. The reuse  
 8 authority may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and  
 9 covenant with the owners of any bonds to set the fees and charges at a  
 10 rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds.  
 11 Revenue bonds issued by the reuse authority that are payable solely  
 12 from revenues of the reuse authority shall contain a statement to that  
 13 effect in the form of the bond.

14 SECTION 16. IC 36-7-30.5-23, AS ADDED BY P.L.203-2005,  
 15 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 16 JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 23. (a) In addition to other methods of raising  
 17 money for property acquisition, redevelopment, reuse, or economic  
 18 development activities in or directly serving or benefitting a military  
 19 base development area, and in anticipation of the taxes allocated under  
 20 section 30 of this chapter, other revenues of the district, or any  
 21 combination of these sources, the development authority may by  
 22 resolution issue the bonds of the development authority.

23 (b) The secretary-treasurer of the development authority shall  
 24 prepare the bonds. The seal of the development authority must be  
 25 impressed on the bonds or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the  
 26 bonds.

27 (c) The bonds must be executed by the president of the development  
 28 authority and attested by the secretary-treasurer.

29 (d) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.

30 (e) Bonds issued under this section may be sold at public sale in  
 31 accordance with IC 5-1-11 or at a negotiated sale.

32 (f) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of a unit but are an  
 33 indebtedness of only the development authority. The bonds and interest  
 34 are payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the development  
 35 authority, from any of the following:

36 (1) The tax proceeds allocated under section 30 of this chapter.

37 (2) Other revenues available to the development authority.

38 (3) A combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1)  
 39 through (2).

40 The bonds issued under this section may be issued in any amount  
 41 without limitation.

42 (g) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of

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1 interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years after the  
2 date of issuance.

3 (h) All laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance  
4 of bonds and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the  
5 issuance of bonds do not apply to bonds issued under this chapter.

6 (i) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds,  
7 the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on  
8 the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

9 (j) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or  
10 in part from revenues of the development authority, the development  
11 authority may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into  
12 covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The  
13 resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign revenues of the  
14 development authority and properties becoming available to the  
15 development authority under this chapter. The resolution or trust  
16 indenture may also contain provisions for protecting and enforcing the  
17 rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and  
18 proper and not in violation of law, including a covenant setting forth  
19 the duties of the development authority. The development authority  
20 may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant  
21 with the owners of any bonds to set the fees and charges at a rate  
22 sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Revenue  
23 bonds issued by the development authority that are payable solely from  
24 revenues of the development authority shall contain a statement to that  
25 effect in the form of the bond.

26 SECTION 17. IC 36-9-3-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 31. (a) This section  
28 applies to an authority that includes a county having a population of  
29 more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven  
30 hundred thousand (700,000).

31 (b) The authority may issue revenue or general obligation bonds  
32 under this section.

33 (c) The board may issue revenue bonds of the authority for the  
34 purpose of procuring money to pay the cost of acquiring real or  
35 personal property for the purpose of this chapter. The issuance of bonds  
36 must be authorized by resolution of the board and approved by the  
37 county fiscal bodies of the counties in the authority before issuance.  
38 The resolution must provide for the amount, terms, and tenor of the  
39 bonds, and for the time and character of notice and mode of making  
40 sale of the bonds.

41 (d) The bonds are payable at the times and places determined by the  
42 board, but they may not run more than thirty (30) years after the date

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of their issuance and must be executed in the name of the authority by an authorized officer of the board and attested by the secretary. The interest coupons attached to the bonds may be executed by placing on them the facsimile signature of the authorized officer of the board.

(e) The president of the authority shall manage and supervise the preparation, advertisement, and sale of the bonds, subject to the authorizing ordinance. Before the sale of bonds, the president shall cause notice of the sale to be published in accordance with IC 5-3-1, setting out the time and place where bids will be received, the amount and maturity dates of the issue, the maximum interest rate, and the terms and conditions of sale and delivery of the bonds. The bonds shall be sold in accordance with IC 5-1-11. After the bonds have been properly sold and executed, the executive director or president shall deliver them to the controller of the authority and take a receipt for them, and shall certify to the treasurer the amount that the purchaser is to pay, together with the name and address of the purchaser. On payment of the purchase price the controller shall deliver the bonds to the purchaser, and the controller and executive director or president shall report their actions to the board.

(f) General obligation bonds issued under this section are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds, the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds, the right of taxpayers to appeal and be heard on the proposed appropriation, the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance, the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds, and the sale of bonds for not less than their par value.

(g) Notice of the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds, notice of determination to issue bonds, and notice of the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds shall be given by posting in the offices of the authority for a period of one (1) week and by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

(h) The bonds are not a corporate indebtedness of any unit, but are an indebtedness of the authority as a municipal corporation. A suit to question the validity of the bonds issued or to prevent their issuance may not be instituted after the date set for sale of the bonds, and after that date the bonds may not be contested for any cause.

(i) The bonds issued under this section and the interest on them are exempt from taxation for all purposes except the financial institutions tax imposed under IC 6-5.5 or a state inheritance tax imposed under IC 6-4.1.

SECTION 18. IC 36-9-4-45 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

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1       FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 45. (a) Bonds issued  
2       under this chapter:

3               (1) shall be issued in the denomination;

4               (2) are payable over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years from  
5               the date of the bonds; and

6               (3) mature;

7       as determined by the ordinance authorizing the bond issue.

8       (b) All bonds issued under this chapter, the interest on them, and the  
9       income from them are exempt from taxation to the extent provided by  
10      IC 6-8-5-1.

11      (c) The provisions of IC 6-1.1-20 relating to filing petitions  
12      requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of those petitions,  
13      giving notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the  
14      bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed  
15      appropriation, the approval of the appropriation by the department of  
16      local government finance, and the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to  
17      remonstrate against the issuance of bonds apply to the issuance of  
18      bonds under this chapter.

19      (d) A suit to question the validity of bonds issued under this chapter  
20      or to prevent their issue and sale may not be instituted after the date set  
21      for the sale of the bonds, and the bonds are incontestable after that date.

22      SECTION 19. IC 36-10-3-24 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
23      FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24. (a) In order to raise  
24      money to pay for land to be acquired for any of the purposes named in  
25      this chapter, to pay for an improvement authorized by this chapter, or  
26      both, and in anticipation of the special benefit tax to be levied as  
27      provided in this chapter, the board shall cause to be issued, in the name  
28      of the unit, the bonds of the district. The bonds may not exceed in  
29      amount the total cost of all land to be acquired and all improvements  
30      described in the resolution, including all expenses necessarily incurred  
31      in connection with the proceedings, together with a sum sufficient to  
32      pay the costs of supervision and inspection during the period of  
33      construction of a work. The expenses to be covered in the bond issue  
34      include all expenses of every kind actually incurred preliminary to  
35      acquiring the land and the construction of the work, such as the cost of  
36      the necessary record, engineering expenses, publication of notices,  
37      preparation of bonds, and other necessary expenses. If more than one  
38      (1) resolution or proceeding of the board under section 23 of this  
39      chapter is confirmed whereby different parcels of land are to be  
40      acquired, or more than one (1) contract for work is let by the board at  
41      approximately the same time, the cost involved under all of the  
42      resolutions and proceedings may be included in one (1) issue of bonds.

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(b) The bonds may be issued in any denomination not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each, in not less than five (5) nor more than forty (40) annual series. The bonds are payable one (1) series each year, beginning at a date after the receipt of taxes from a levy made for that purpose. The bonds are negotiable. The bonds may bear interest at any rate, payable semiannually. After adopting a resolution ordering bonds, the board shall certify a copy of the resolution to the unit's fiscal officer. The fiscal officer shall prepare the bonds and the unit's executive shall execute them, attested by the fiscal officer.

(c) The bonds and the interest on them are exempt from taxation as prescribed by IC 6-8-5-1. Bonds issued under this section are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds, the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds, the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds and approval by the department of local government finance, and the sale of bonds at public sale for not less than their par value.

(d) The board may not have bonds of the district issued under this section that are payable by special taxation when the total issue for that purpose, including the bonds already issued or to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the adjusted value of the taxable property in the district as determined under IC 36-1-15. All bonds or obligations issued in violation of this subsection are void. The bonds are not obligations or indebtedness of the unit, but constitute an indebtedness of the district as a special taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable only out of a special tax levied upon all the property of the district as prescribed by this chapter. The bonds must recite the terms upon their face, together with the purposes for which they are issued.

SECTION 20. IC 36-10-7.5-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 22. (a) To raise money to pay for land to be acquired for any of the purposes named in this chapter or to pay for an improvement authorized by this chapter, and in anticipation of the special benefit tax to be levied as provided in this chapter, the legislative body shall issue in the name of the township the bonds of the district. The bonds may not exceed in amount the total cost of all land to be acquired and all improvements described in the resolution, including all expenses necessarily incurred in connection with the proceedings, together with a sum sufficient to pay the costs of supervision and inspection during the period of construction of a work. The expenses to be covered in the bond issue include all expenses of every kind actually incurred preliminary to acquiring the land and the construction of the work, such as the cost of the necessary record,

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1 engineering expenses, publication of notices, preparation of bonds, and  
 2 other necessary expenses. If more than one (1) resolution or proceeding  
 3 of the legislative body under this chapter is confirmed whereby  
 4 different parcels of land are to be acquired or more than one (1)  
 5 contract for work is let by the executive at approximately the same  
 6 time, the cost involved under all of the resolutions and proceedings  
 7 may be included in one (1) issue of bonds.

8 (b) The bonds may be issued in any denomination not less than one  
 9 thousand dollars (\$1,000) each, in not less than five (5) nor more than  
 10 forty (40) annual series. The bonds are payable one (1) series each  
 11 year, beginning at a date after the receipt of taxes from a levy made for  
 12 that purpose. The bonds are negotiable. The bonds may bear interest at  
 13 any rate, payable semiannually. After adopting a resolution ordering  
 14 bonds, the legislative body shall certify a copy of the resolution to the  
 15 township's fiscal officer. The fiscal officer shall prepare the bonds and  
 16 the executive shall execute the bonds, attested by the fiscal officer.

17 (c) The bonds and the interest on the bonds are exempt from  
 18 taxation as prescribed by IC 6-8-5-1. Bonds issued under this section  
 19 are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the  
 20 filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds, the right of  
 21 ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds, the  
 22 appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds with the approval of the  
 23 department of local government finance, and the sale of bonds at public  
 24 sale for not less than the par value of the bonds.

25 (d) The legislative body may not have bonds of the district issued  
 26 under this section that are payable by special taxation when the total  
 27 issue for that purpose, including the bonds already issued or to be  
 28 issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the total adjusted value of the  
 29 taxable property in the district as determined under IC 36-1-15. All  
 30 bonds or obligations issued in violation of this subsection are void. The  
 31 bonds are not obligations or indebtedness of the township but constitute  
 32 an indebtedness of the district as a special taxing district. The bonds  
 33 and interest are payable only out of a special tax levied upon all the  
 34 property of the district as prescribed by this chapter. A bond must  
 35 recite the terms upon the face of the bond, together with the purposes  
 36 for which the bond is issued.

37 SECTION 21. IC 36-10-8-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 38 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 16. (a) A capital  
 39 improvement may be financed in whole or in part by the issuance of  
 40 general obligation bonds of the county or, if the authority was created  
 41 under IC 18-7-18 (before its repeal on February 24, 1982), also of the  
 42 city, if the board determines that the estimated annual net income of the

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capital improvement, plus the estimated annual tax revenues to be derived from any tax revenues made available for this purpose, will not be sufficient to satisfy and pay the principal of and interest on all bonds issued under this chapter, including the bonds then proposed to be issued.

(b) If the board desires to finance a capital improvement in whole or in part as provided in this section, it shall have prepared a resolution to be adopted by the county executive authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds, or, if the authority was created under IC 18-7-18 (before its repeal on February 24, 1982), by the fiscal body of the city authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds. The resolution must set forth an itemization of the funds and assets received by the board, together with the board's valuation and certification of the cost. The resolution must state the date or dates on which the principal of the bonds is payable, the maximum interest rate to be paid, and the other terms upon which the bonds shall be issued. The board shall submit the proposed resolution to the proper officers, together with a certificate to the effect that the issuance of bonds in accordance with the resolution will be in compliance with this section. The certificate must also state the estimated annual net income of the capital improvement to be financed by the bonds, the estimated annual tax revenues, and the maximum amount payable in any year as principal and interest on the bonds issued under this chapter, including the bonds proposed to be issued, as the maximum interest rate set forth in the resolution. The bonds issued may mature over a period not exceeding forty (40) years from the date of issue.

(c) Upon receipt of the resolution and certificate the proper officers may adopt them and take all action necessary to issue the bonds in accordance with the resolution. An action to contest the validity of bonds issued under this section may not be brought after the fifteenth day following the receipt of bids for the bonds.

(d) The provisions of all general statutes relating to:

- (1) the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice;
- (2) the right of ~~taxpayers~~ **voters** to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds;
- (3) the giving of notice of the determination to issue bonds;
- (4) the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds;
- (5) the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation;
- (6) the approval of the appropriation by the department of local

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1 government finance; and  
 2 (7) the sale of bonds at public sale;  
 3 apply to the issuance of bonds under this section.

4 SECTION 22. IC 36-10-9-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
 5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 15. (a) A capital  
 6 improvement may be financed in whole or in part by the issuance of  
 7 general obligation bonds of the county.

8 (b) If the board desires to finance a capital improvement in whole  
 9 or in part as provided in this section, it shall have prepared a resolution  
 10 to be adopted by the board of commissioners of the county authorizing  
 11 the issuance of general obligation bonds. The resolution must state the  
 12 date or dates on which the principal of the bonds is payable, the  
 13 maximum interest rate to be paid, and the other terms upon which the  
 14 bonds shall be issued. The board shall submit the proposed resolution  
 15 to the board of commissioners of the county, together with a certificate  
 16 to the effect that the issuance of bonds in accordance with the  
 17 resolution will be in compliance with this section. The certificate must  
 18 also state the estimated annual net income of the capital improvement  
 19 to be financed by the bonds, the estimated annual tax revenues, and the  
 20 maximum amount payable in any year as principal and interest on the  
 21 bonds issued under this chapter, including the bonds proposed to be  
 22 issued, at the maximum interest rate set forth in the resolution. The  
 23 bonds issued may mature over a period not exceeding forty (40) years  
 24 from the date of issue.

25 (c) Upon receipt of the resolution and certificate, the board of  
 26 commissioners of the county may adopt them and take all action  
 27 necessary to issue the bonds in accordance with the resolution. An  
 28 action to contest the validity of bonds issued under this section may not  
 29 be brought after the fifteenth day following the receipt of bids for the  
 30 bonds.

31 (d) The provisions of all general statutes relating to:

- 32 (1) the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and
- 33 giving notice;
- 34 (2) the right of ~~taxpayers~~ voters to remonstrate against the
- 35 issuance of bonds;
- 36 (3) the giving of notice of the determination to issue bonds;
- 37 (4) the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the
- 38 proceeds of bonds;
- 39 (5) the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed
- 40 appropriation;
- 41 (6) the approval of the appropriation by the department of local
- 42 government finance; and

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1 (7) the sale of bonds at public sale for not less than par value;  
 2 are applicable to the issuance of bonds under this section.

3 SECTION 23. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] (a) **This SECTION**  
 4 **applies to a political subdivision's determination to issue bonds or**  
 5 **enter into a lease rental only to the extent that the law under which**  
 6 **the political subdivision intends to issue the bonds or enter into the**  
 7 **lease rental applies IC 6-1.1-20 to the political subdivision's**  
 8 **determination.**

9 (b) **The right of taxpayers to remonstrate against the issuance**  
 10 **of bonds or a lease rental under IC 6-1.1-20-3.1 and**  
 11 **IC 6-1.1-20-3.2, as in effect before their amendment by this act,**  
 12 **applies to a determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease**  
 13 **rental made before July 1, 2007.**

14 (c) **The right of registered voters to remonstrate against the**  
 15 **issuance of bonds or a lease rental under IC 6-1.1-20-3.1 and**  
 16 **IC 6-1.1-20-3.2, both as amended by this act, applies to a**  
 17 **determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease rental made after**  
 18 **June 30, 2007.**

19 (d) **This SECTION expires July 1, 2008.**

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